

# The Oaks Community Primary Accessibility Plan

This plan identifies how the school meets the needs of disabled children in response to the Special Educational Needs and Disabilities Code of Practice 2014: 0 to 25 years.

This plan will be reviewed every three years by the SENDCO and by the Governing Body.

### Definitions of SEND

'A child or young person has SEN if they have a learning difficulty or disability which calls for special educational provision to be made for him or her. A child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or a disability if he or she:

- has significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age or
- has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools or colleges.' SEND code of Practice 2014

'Many children and young people who have SEN may have a disability under the Equality Act 2010-that is'... 'a physical or mental impairment which has a long-term and substantial adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'. The definition provides a relatively low threshold and includes more children than many realise: 'long-term' is defined as 'a year or more' and 'substantial is defined as 'more than minor or trivial'. This definition includes sensory impairments such as those affecting sight and hearing, and long-term health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, epilepsy and cancer. Children and young people with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is a significant overlap between disabled children and young person requires special educational

provision, they will also be covered by the SEN definition.' SEND code of Practice 2014.

#### The Equality Act 2010

The Equality Act 2010 sets out the legal obligations that schools, early years providers, post-16 institutions and local authorities have towards disabled children and young people;

- They must not directly or indirectly discriminate against, harass or victimise disabled children and young people.
- They must make reasonable adjustments, including the provision of auxiliary aids and services, to ensure that disabled children and young people are not at a substantial disadvantage compared with their peers. This duty is anticipatory- it requires thought to be given in advance to what disabled children and young people might require and what adjustments might need to be made to prevent that disadvantage.
- Public bodies, including FE institutions, LA, maintained schools, maintained nursery schools, academies and free schools are covered by the public sector equality duty and when carrying out their functions must have regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, promote equality of opportunity and foster good relations between disabled and non-disabled children and young people. They must publish information to demonstrate their compliance with this general duty and must prepare and publish objectives to achieve the core aims of the general duty. Objectives must be specific and measurable.' (SEND code of Practice 2014).
- The duties cover discrimination in the provision of services and the provision of education, including admissions and exclusions. (SEND code of Practice 2014).

## The Accessibility Plan

All providers must make reasonable adjustments to procedures, criteria and practices and by the provision of auxiliary aids and services. Most providers must also make reasonable adjustments by making physical alterations. Schools and LA education functions are not covered by this last duty but they must publish accessibility plans'.... 'setting out how they plan to

increase access for disabled pupils to the curriculum, the physical environment and to information.' (SEND code of Practice 2014)

Where a child or young person is covered by SEN and disability legislation, reasonable adjustments and access arrangements should be considered as part of SEN planning and review.' (SEND code of Practice 2014). The full range of needs and required support for all pupils identified as SEN Support or with a statement/EHC plan will be considered at least termly. The discussions will involve staff, parents and children plus outside agencies, as necessary.

The action plan below identifies key activities that will take place to ensure that the school becomes increasingly accessible for pupils with disabilities and relates to the key aspects of physical environment, curriculum and written information.

Objective	Success	Action	Timescale
	criteria		
To plan for	Children with	Liaise with feeder	Ongoing when
adaptations to the	identified needs	preschools to	necessary.
environment to be	are successfully	identify need prior	
made for any child	integrated as a	to children	
with additional	result of	starting at The	
physical or	environmental	Oaks.	
sensory needs.	adaptations where		
	needed and as a	To liaise with OT,	
	result of targeted	Physiotherapy and	
	support and	other agencies to	
	advice.	make adaptions to	
		the environment	
		when needed.	
To ensure all	Children in school	Individual risk	Ongoing
pupils with a	who have a special	assessments to be	
special	educational need,	completed where	
educational need,	disability or	necessary.	
disability or	medical condition		
medical condition	attend trips.	Staff to be made	
participate as		aware of the needs	
fully as possible		of individual	
in the wider		children.	
curriculum		Emergency	
including trips,		procedures to be	
residential visits		planned for on	

and extra-		trips, residential	
curricular		visits and extra-	
		curricular	
provision.			
T h l : . h	C 1 !	activities.	0
To establish and	Good working	SENDCo to continue	Ongoing
maintain close	relationships with	to develop and	
relationships with	clear	maintain	
outside agencies	collaboration.	relationships with	
for pupils with	Regular meetings	outside agencies.	
additional needs.	and provision		
	reviews take place		
T	as necessary.	OFNDO	, T
To ensure that	Appropriate staff	SENDCo to audit	Spring Term
appropriate staff	are identified and	current staff who	
are trained in de-	trained every	are trained and	
escalation and	three years.	identify staff who	
Team Teach		are appropriate to	
		be trained along	
		with the head	
		teacher.	
		Appropriate staff	
		to undertake	
		training if needed.	
To ensure staff are	Annual training	Staff Inset	Annual
trained to support	takes place for		
children with	asthma and		
medical needs	anaphylaxis.		
such as asthma,			
and if necessary			
other conditions			
such as diabetes			
and epilepsy.		OFNIDO	0
To ensure that all	Staff complete	SENDCo to share	Ongoing
staff understand	training and	good practice for	
the SEND Code of	follow advice for	supporting	
Practice 2014 and	supporting	children with	
train regularly to	children with	dyslexia.	
support children	additional needs.		
who have ASD, ADHD,		All staff to	
Attachment and		complete online	
Dyslexia.		training for	
		ASD.	
Interventions to be	Interventions are	Pupil progress	Ongoing
regularly	regularly	meetings take	Chagonary
monitored and	reviewed. The are	place termly.	
reviewed on	trained and	Learning walks	
Provision Map	confident in the	conducted by	
	delivery of	subject leaders/	
	interventions.	SLT and SENDCo.	
	minan manuals.	CET AUTOM CETTOON.	

	Outcomes are monitored by SLT.  Parents are fully informed of the provision for their child and any progress made.		
Children who have EAL to be supported by small group intervention	Children with EAL are part of regular small group intervention. EAL children make good progress.	Class teams to identify intervention groups which will support AL learners. Outcomes to be monitored regularly.	Ongoing

#### Monitoring

It is the responsibility of the Head of School and Governing Body to monitor the effectiveness of this Accessibility policy by:

- Monitoring the progress of children with disability, comparing them with the progress made by able bodied children.
- Assess the impact of this plan through regular review of the action plan above.
- Provide training for staff in accessibility needs and raising awareness of disability discrimination.

CPOMS is used to detail any reported incidents of bullying, discrimination, including disability discrimination, and the subsequent action that has been carried out by the staff. All such incidents will be reported to the necessary people and will be included in the Head teacher's report to governors. The Inclusion Governor also checks this document on at least an annual basis.

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Equal Opportunities Policy
- SEN Policy and information report
- Children in care policy
- · Health & Safety Policy

• Teaching & Learning Policy

Policy date October 2022

Due for update September 2025 (but maybe updated more regularly if required)